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APPLICATION NO	. F	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/849,975	09/849,975 05/08/2001		Hajime Kimura	12732-044001 1362	
26171	7590	11/10/2004	·	EXAMINER	
FISH & R			LUU, TH	LUU, THANH X	
1425 K ST 11TH FLO		V.	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		20005-3500	2878		

DATE MAILED: 11/10/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/849,975	KIMURA, HAJIME				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		Thanh X Luu	2878				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailting date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status							
1)🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 19 October 2004.						
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b) Thi	s action is non-final.					
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Disposition of Claims							
4)🖂	4)⊠ Claim(s) 1,4 and 25-38 is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠	☑ Claim(s) 1.4 and 25-38 is/are rejected.						
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers							
9) 🔲 -	The specification is objected to by the Examiner						
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)							
2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informal F	r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)				

DETAILED ACTION

This Office Action is in response to amendments and remarks filed October 19, 2004. Claims 1, 4 and 25-38 are currently pending.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-6, 26, 30 and 33-36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujieda et al. (U.S. Patent 5,877,492) in view of Nakamura et al. (U.S. Patent 5,835,142).

Regarding claims 1-6 and 33-36, Fujieda et al. disclose (see Fig. 6) a close contact type sensor arranged with a plurality of unit pixels (groups of 4) each comprising a sensor circuit portion (4) and a plurality of irradiation window portions (5). Fujieda et al. further disclose (see Fig. 6) an optical fiber plate (at 9) comprising an optical fiber (9) between the sensor circuit portion and a reading object (10); wherein an area of any of the plurality of irradiation window portions (5) is larger than an area of half of a section of a single piece of an optical fiber (9) in the optical fiber plate. Fujieda et al. further disclose (see col. 1, lines 10-12) the sensor in a scanner or a portable information terminal (facsimile or hand scanner). Fujieda et al. also disclose (see col. 6, lines 45-47) the fiber plate comprising an optical fiber having a core and a clad and wherein light incident (see Fig. 6) on one end of the optical fiber is propagated in the core. Fujieda et

Application/Control Number: 09/849,975

Art Unit: 2878

al. do not specifically disclose an absorbing layer over the clad of the fiber. Nakamura et al. teach (see Figs. 4 and 5) a contact image sensor having a fiber plate (15) comprising a fiber with a core (15b), a clad (15c) over the core, and an absorbing layer (15d) over the clad. Nakamura et al. further recognize that a fiber having such an absorbing layer provides for reduced crosstalk. Thus, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a fiber with an absorbing layer in the apparatus of Fujieda et al. to reduce crosstalk and improve imaging.

Regarding claims 26 and 30, Fujieda et al. disclose the claimed invention as set forth above, wherein the sensor comprises a photoelectric conversion element. Fujieda et al. do not specifically disclose the sensor comprises a photo diode. Nakamura et al. teach (see col. 3, lines 44-46) providing a photo diode as the photoelectric conversion element in a close contact sensor. Thus, Nakamura et al. recognize that photo diodes or other photoelectric conversion elements are easily formed into close contact sensors. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to provide a photo diode in the apparatus of Fujieda et al. in view of Nakamura et al. to provide a more easily manufactured or less costly contact sensor.

3. Claims 27, 28, 31 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujieda et al. in view of Nakamura et al. and further in view of Applicant's Admitted Prior Art (Fig. 5), hereinafter, AAPA.

Regarding claims 27, 28, 31 and 32, Fujieda et al. in view of Nakamura et al disclose the claimed invention as set forth above. Fujieda et al. and Nakamura et al. do

Application/Control Number: 09/849,975

Art Unit: 2878

not specifically disclose an amplifying transistor or a resetting transistor. AAPA teach (see Fig. 5) close contact sensors having support circuitry comprising amplifying and resetting transistors. Thus, AAPA recognize that amplifying and resetting transistors are common in such sensors. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to include amplifying and resetting transistors in the apparatus of Fujieda et al. in view of Nakamura et al. and further in view of AAPA to improve detection by amplifying signals and resetting the signals after readout.

4. Claims 25 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fujieda et al. in view of Nakamura et al. and further in view of Ratnakar et al. (U.S. Patent 6,421,468).

Regarding claims 25 and 29, Fujieda et al. in view of Nakamura et al. disclose the claimed invention as set forth above. Fujieda et al. and Nakamura et al. do not specifically disclose the sensor incorporated into the group of consisting of a digital still or x-ray camera as claimed. Ratnakar et al. teach (see col. 4, line 60 - col. 5, line 10) an input device such as a camera or an x-ray camera having a close contact sensor (CIS). Thus, Ratnakar et al. recognize that such devices use a close contact sensor as detectors. It would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate the sensor of Fujieda et al. in view of Nakamura et al. and further in view of Ratnakar et al. in digital cameras or x-ray cameras to improve detection in such devices.

Response to Arguments

5. Applicant's arguments filed October 19, 2004 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant asserts that Nakamura does not disclose light incident on one end of the optical fiber is propagated in the core. Examiner has clarified that such a feature is taught in Fujieda et al. Thus, Applicant's remarks with respect to Nakamura is not persuasive.

Thus, as set forth above this rejection is proper.

Conclusion

6. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

7. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Thanh X Luu whose telephone number is (571) 272-2441. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (6:30-4:00) First Friday off.

Page 6

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Porta can be reached on (571) 272-2444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

> Thanh X Luu Primary Examiner

Art Unit 2878

11/2004